

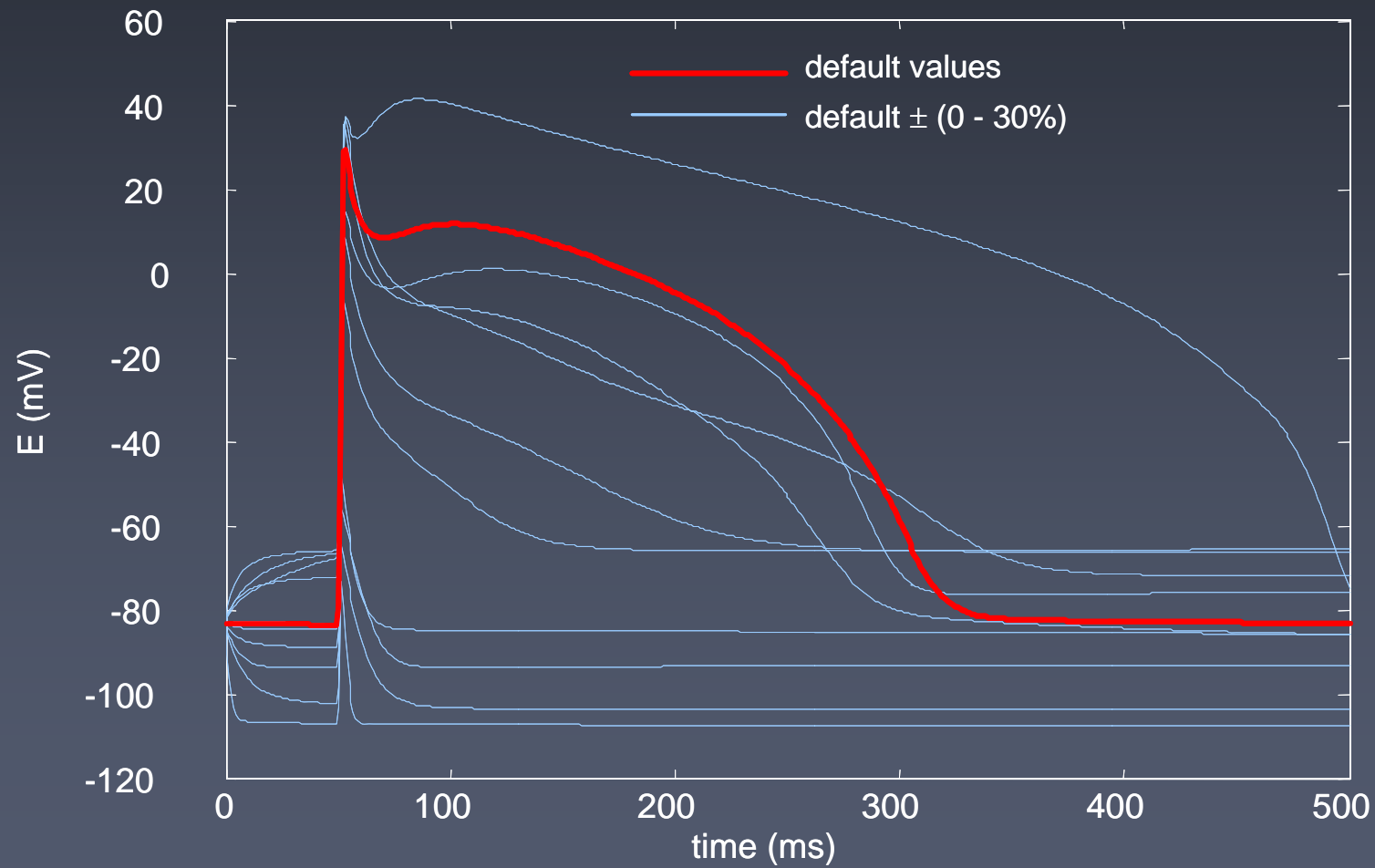
# Parameter Optimisation of Excitable Cell Models using CellML

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# Beeler-Reuter 1977



# Software Overview

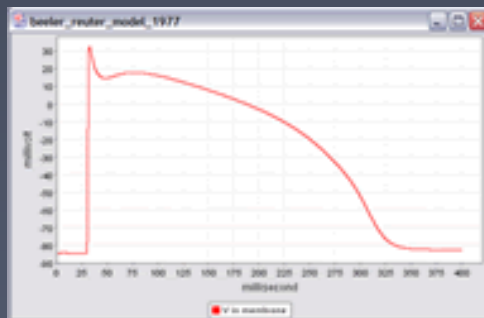
```
<component name="subtree">
  <variable
    name="" public_interface="out"
    initial_value="-04.624" units="milliwatt" />
  { Some XML code ... }
  <!--
  The user can change the initial value of the
  diffuser by using the following XML code:
  =>
  <apply id="set_initial_voltage_diff_eq">000 />
  { Some XML code ... }
  </apply>
</subtree>
```

## CellML

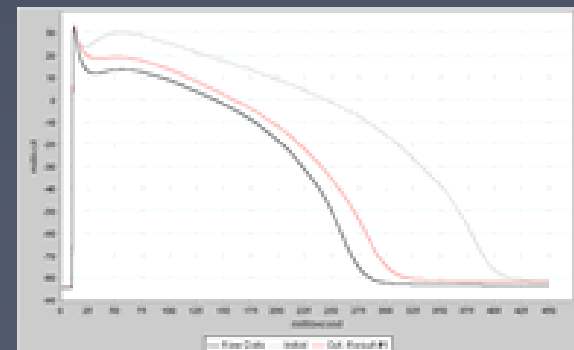
Parser



Solver



Optimiser



# Defining Parameters

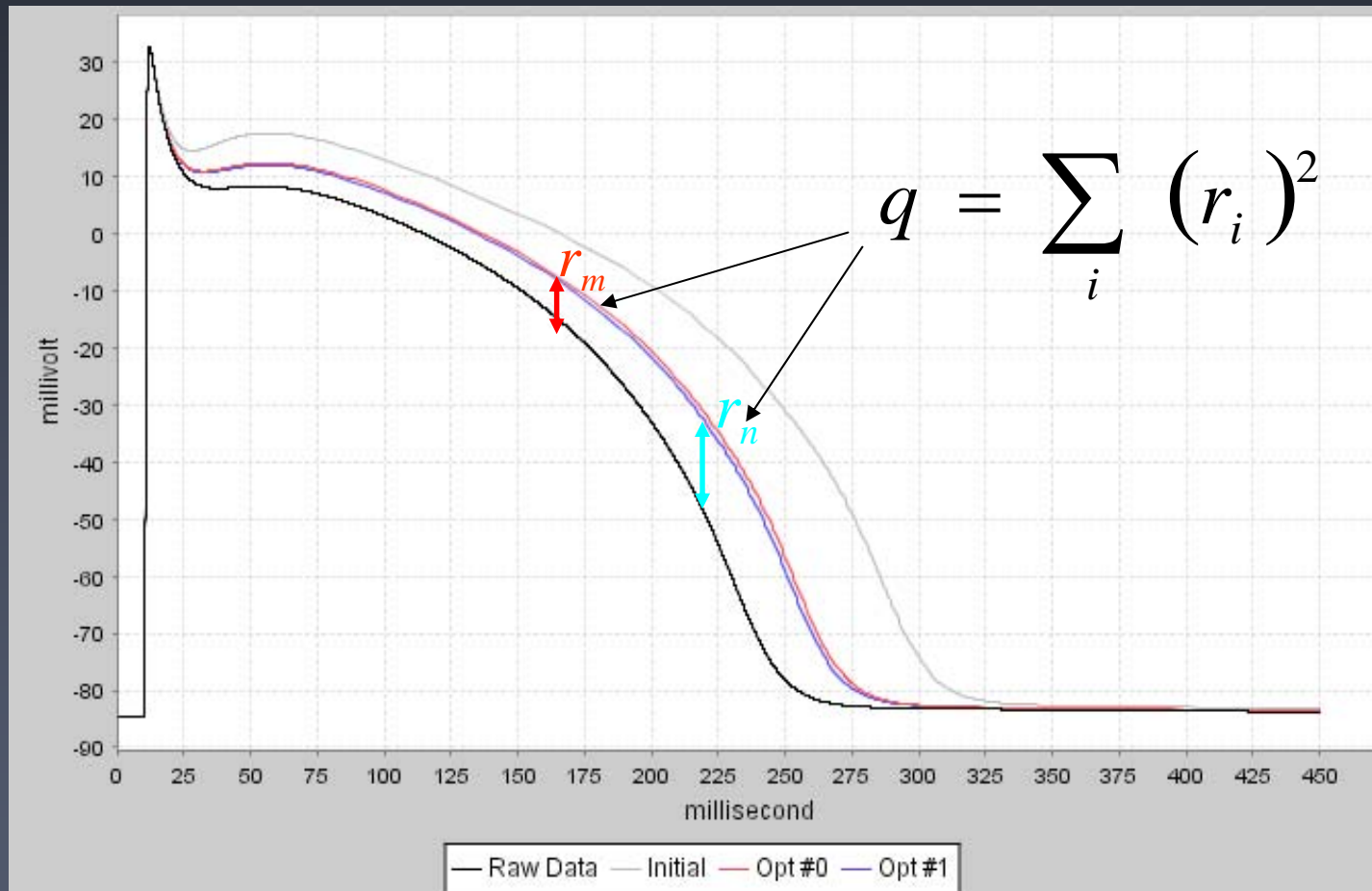
```
<variable name="g_s" initial_value="0.09" units="milliS_per_cm2" />
```

$$i_s = g_s \cdot d \cdot f \cdot (V - (82.3 - 13.0287 \cdot \ln \chi))$$

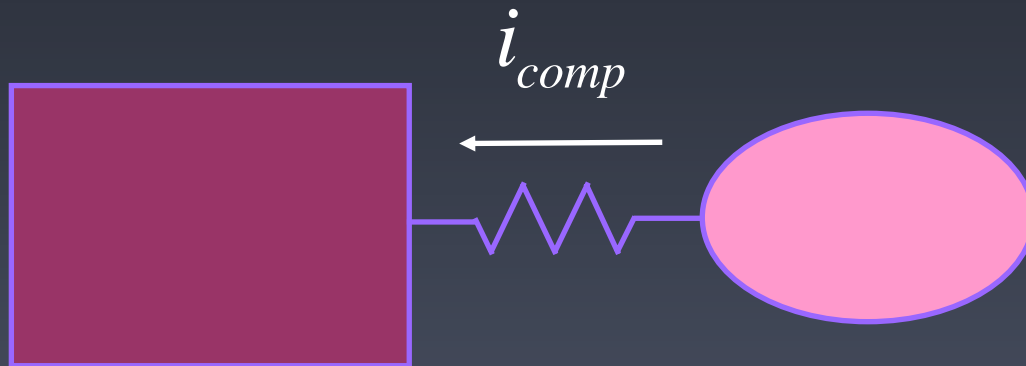
$$i_{x1} = x1 \cdot 0.8 \cdot \left( \frac{e^{0.04 \cdot (V+77.0)} - 1}{e^{0.04 \cdot (V+35.0)}} \right)$$

```
<cn cellml:units="microA_per_cm2"> 0.8 </cn>
```

# Objective Function – Direct



# Objective Function – Data Clamp

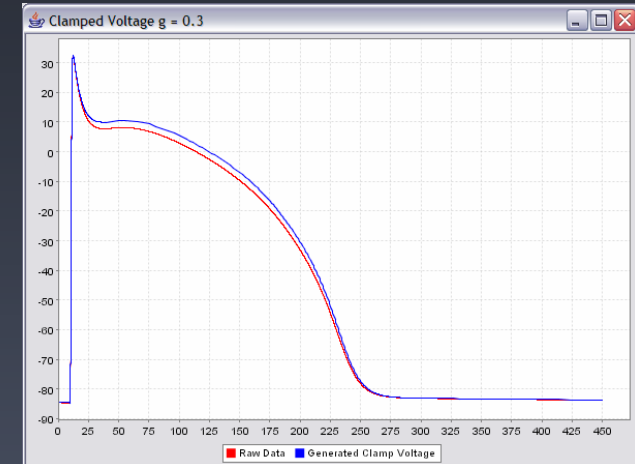


Ionic Model

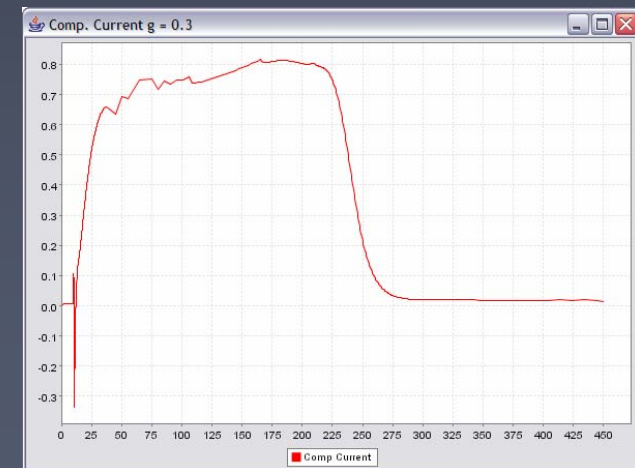
Real Cell Data

$$i_{comp} = g(V_{model} - V_{data})$$

$$q = \sum (i_{comp})^2$$



Raw data and clamped potential



$i_{comp}$

# Identifiability Analysis

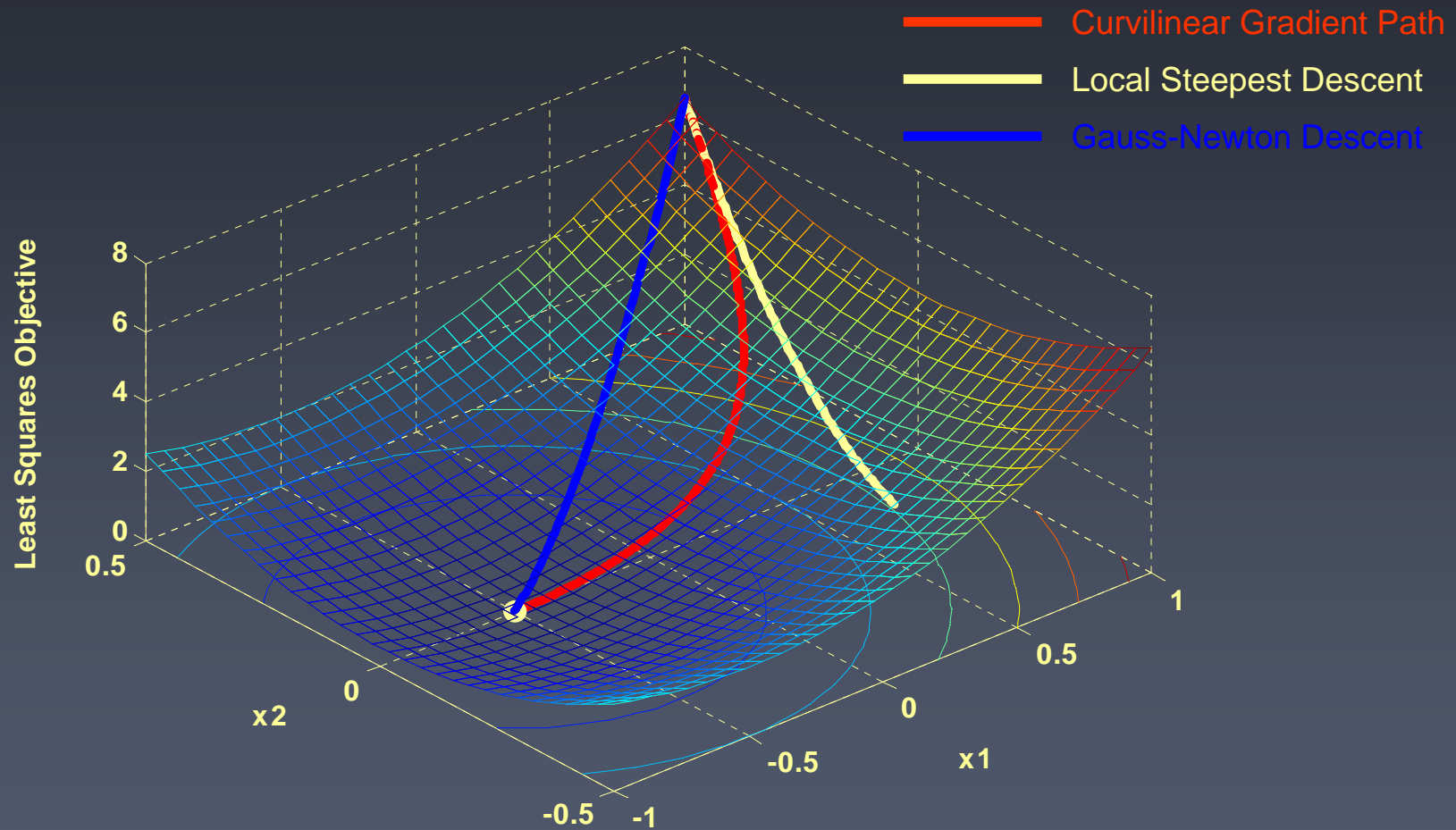
- Least square
- Locally identifiable if Hessian ( $\mathbf{H}$ ) is non singular
- $\mathbf{H} = \mathbf{J}^T \mathbf{J}$ , where  $\mathbf{J}$  is the Jacobian of objective function.
- Reciprocal condition number (*rcond*)

# Parameter Identifiability Analysis on Ionic Current Conductance

Model	# Parameters	<i>rcond</i> (Direct)	<i>rcond</i> (Data Clamp)
Beeler-Reuter (1977)	4	6.313E-9	1.050E-8
Drouhard-Roberge (1987)	4	1.348E-4	4.951E-5
Luo-Rudy (1991)	6	9.880E-5	2.639E-4
Shannon <i>et al</i> (2004)	22	4.098E-13	2.067E-9
Earm-Nobel (1990)	11	6.567E-5	6.173E-5
Lovell <i>et al</i> (2004)	15	2.330E-7	2.205E-3
Hodgkin-Huxley (1952)	3	9.507E-2	7.178E-2



# Parameter Optimisation



Curvilinear Gradient: 
$$L(\alpha) = \left( e^{-\mathbf{H}\alpha} - \mathbf{I} \right) \mathbf{H}^{-1} \mathbf{a}$$